AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

-1. (Currently Amended) A method of assaying substances comprising the steps that includes the following steps:

providing a surface that has at least one reaction partner R1 bonded to a surface;

placing in contact with thesaid surface a solution that contains at least the substance being assayed, at least one compound containing a fluorophor and at least one dye that absorbs in the absorption and/or emission range of the fluorophor, wherein a complex forms on reaction partner R1 on thesaid surface and wherein thissaid complex is formed by covalent or non-covalent interactions of contains, besides reaction partner R1, at least the substance being assayed and the compound containing at least one fluorophor, and;

projectioning a beam of light onto the bottom of the surface, said beam of light being totally reflected on the surface of the phase boundary, thereby forming an evanescence field over said surface; and

exciting the fluorophor bonded to the said surface by the evanescence field of a light source and measuring the fluorescence produced.

2. (Currently Amended) The method according to Claim 1, wherein the substance being assayed, as reaction partner R1, bonds to reaction partner R2R1 on thesaid surface as reaction partner R2.

- 3. (Currently Amended) The method according to Claim 2, wherein the reaction partner R1 bonded to thesaid surface is an antigen or an antibody.
- 4. (Currently Amended) The method according to Claim 1, wherein a reaction partner R2 contains the substance being assayed and bonds to reaction partner R1 on the substance being assayed.
- 5. (Previously Presented) The method according to Claim 1, wherein another compound, which contains a bonding site for the substance being assayed and a reaction partner R2, bonds to reaction partner R1 on the surface.
- 6. (Previously Presented) The method according to Claim 5, wherein reaction partner R1 includes avidin or streptavidin and reaction partner R2 includes biotin and a binding site for the substance being assayed.

7-26. (Cancelled)

- 27. (Currently Amended) The method according to claim 1, wherein the substance being assayed includes a biologically active substance, which is selected from the group consisting of hormones, proteins, viruses, bacteria, pharmaceuticals and toxins.
- 28. (Currently Amended) The method according to claim 1, wherein the substance being assayed includes a protein, preferably an antigen or an antibody.

- 29. (Currently Amended) The method according to claim 1, wherein the compound containing a fluorophor has a fluorescing compound and further contains a binding site for the substance being assayed.
- 30. (Currently Amended) The method according to claim 1, wherein fluorescing proteins and/or low-molecular weight fluorescing chemical compounds are used as the fluorophor.
- 31. (Currently Amended) The method according to claim 30, wherein phycobili proteins, such as allophycocyanine (APC), Cryptofluor Crimson or Cryptofluor Red are used as fluorescing proteins.
- 32. (Currently Amended) The method according to claim 31, wherein 5-N-N'-diethyltetramethylindodicarbocyanine (Cy5) or dipyrromethene boron difluoride BODIFY (BODIPY) are used as low-molecular weight fluorescing compounds.
- 33. (Previously Presented) The method according to claim 1, wherein at least one fluorophor that absorbs in a wavelength range from 600 to 700 nm is used.
- 34. (Previously Presented) The method according to claim 1, wherein at least one phosphorescing compound is used as the fluorophor.

- 35. (Previously Presented) The method according to claim 1, wherein a mixture of dyes that absorb in the absorption and/or emission range of the fluorophor is used.
- 36. (Currently Amended) The method according to claim 1, wherein at least one dye that absorbs in a wavelength range formfrom 600 to 700 nm is used.
- 37. (Currently Amended) The method according to claim 36, wherein disodium alpha-(4-(N-ethyl-3-sulfonatobenzylamino) phenyl)-alpha-(4-N-ethyl-3-sulfonatobenzylamino, cyclohexa-2,5-dienylidene) toluene-2-sulfonate (Brilliant Blue FCF) in a concentration of at least 0.001 mM is used as the at least one dye.

38-44. (Cancelled)

- 45. (Currently Amended) The use of the method according to claim 1, further comprising the step of determining to determine reaction kinetics of immunologic reactions.
- 46. (Currently Amended) The use of the method according to claim 1, further comprisiong the steps of carrying out an assay selectefd from the group consisting of in medical or veterinary medical diagnostics, food analysis, environmental analysis or analysis of fermentation processes.
- 47. (Currently Amended) The method according to claim 27, wherein:

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the substance being assayed <u>includes</u> a protein, <u>preferably</u> an-antigen or an antibody;

the compound containing fluorophor has a fluorescing compound and further contains a binding site for the substance being assayed;

fluorescing proteins and/or low-molecular weight fluorescing chemical compounds are used as the fluorophor;

phycobili proteins,— such as allophycocyanine— (APC), Cryptofluor Crimson or Cryptofluor-Red are used as fluorescing proteins;

cys or BODIFY are upod as low molecular fluorescing compounds;

fluorophor that absorbs in a wavelength range from 600-to 700 nm is used;

at least one phosphorescing compound is used as the fluorophor;

a mixture of dyes that absorb in the absorption and/or emission range of the fluorophor is used; and

at least one dye that absorbs in a wavelength range form from 600 to 700 nm is used;

Brilliant-Blue FCF in a concentration of at least 0.001 mM is used as the at least one dye.

48-51. (Cancelled)

52. (Currently Amended) The—use of the method according to claim 47, further comprising the steps of determining to determine reaction kinetics of immunologic reactions.

53. (Cancelled)

54. (Currently Amended) The use of the method according to claim 47, further comprising the steps of carrying out an assay selected from the group consisting of in medical or veterinary medical diagnostics, food analysis, environmental analysis or analysis of fermentation processes.

55. (Cancelled)

- 56. (New) The method according to claim 28, wherein the protein is an antigen or an antibody.
- 57. (New) The method according to claim 31, wherein the phycobili proteins are selected from the group consisting of allophycocyanine (APC) and low-molecular weight cryptomonadderived phycobili proteins.
- 58. (New) The method according to claim 47, wherein the protein is an antigen or an antibody.
- 59. (New) The method according to claim 47, wherein the phycobili proteins are selected from the group consisting of allophycocyanine (APC) and low-molecular weight cryptomonadderived phycobili proteins.
- 60. (New) The method according to claim 47, wherein Cy5 or BODIPY are used as low-molecular weight fluorescing compounds.

- 61. (New) The method according to claim 47, wherein a fluorophor that absorbs in a wavelength range from 600 to 700 nm is used.
- 62. (New) The method according to claim 47, wherein at least one phosphorescing compound is used as the fluorophor.